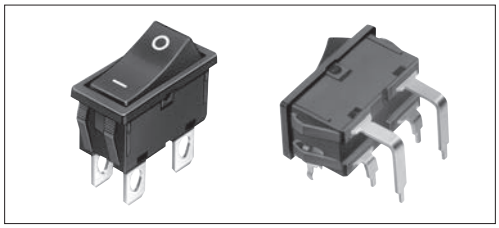
SDDJF 16A 250V AC Qualified Type

160A inrush current compatible, low-profile and large capacity type suitable for photocopiers and printers.



Ratings and Safety Standards

Items	Specifications
UL CSA	16A 250V AC
SEMKO	16 (6) / 250 ~
VDE	16 (6) / 250 ~
BS	16 (6) / 250 ~
Ratings satisfying local electrical appliance and material safety law	125V 16A≒

Product Line

Circuit arrangement	Travel (mm)	Operating force	Mounting method	Terminal configuration	Marking (Knob)	Minimum order unit (pcs.) Japan	Minimum order unit (pcs.) Export	Product No.	Drawing No.
DPST	5.2	6 ± 3N	Snap-in	For Lead	● mark	100	1,500	SDDJF30100	1
					IO mark			SDDJF30200	
		3 ± 2N		Right angle	● mark		1,000	SDDJF31000	2
					IO mark			SDDJF31100	

Note

The lead terminals are also used as tab terminals #250 (Use a positive lock connector type) .

Packing Specifications

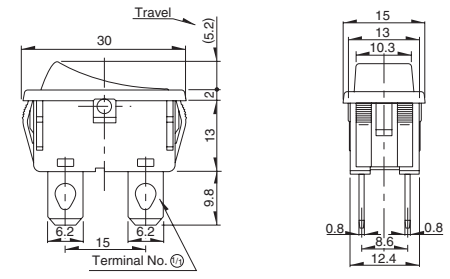
Bulk

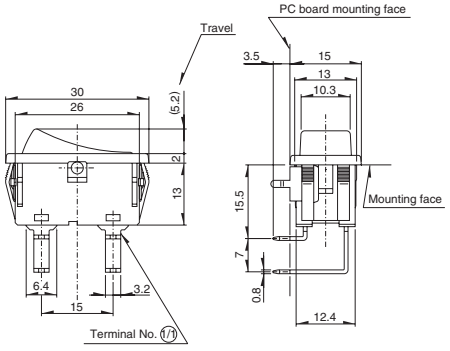
Product No.	Number of packages (pcs.) 1 case / Japan	Number of packages (pcs.) 1 case / export packing	Export package measurements (mm)
SDDJF30100, SDDJF30200	150	1,500	379 × 283 × 508
SDDJF31000, SDDJF31100	100	1,000	555 × 381 × 267

Dimensions

Unit:mm

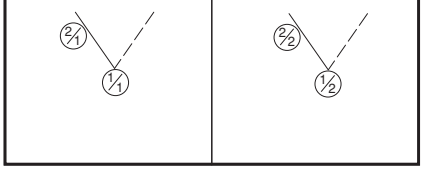
No.	Style(ON position)
1	For Lead
2	Right angle



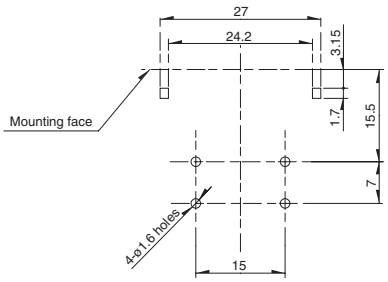


Circuit Diagram

DPST



PC board mounting hole dimensions



Refer to **P.215** for soldering conditions.

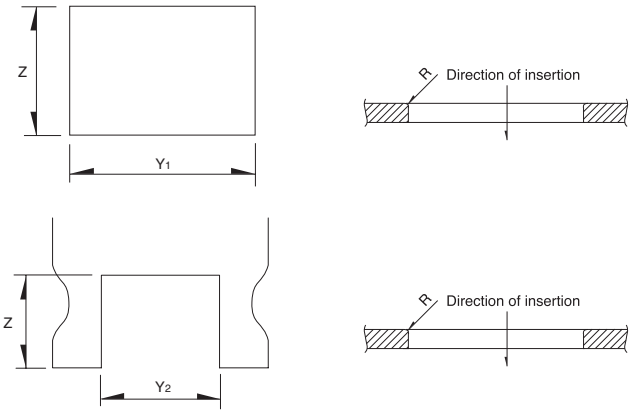
Mounting Hole Dimensions

Square-shaped Hole Unit:mm

Thickness of mounting board	Y_1	Z
0.75 to 1.25	$28.2^{0}_{-0.1}$	$12.9^{+0.1}_{0}$
1.25 to 2.00	$28.4^{0}_{-0.1}$	

U-shaped Hole Unit:mm

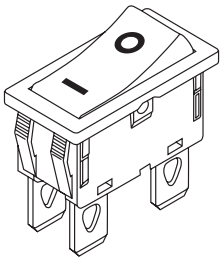
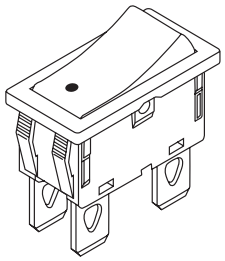
Thickness of mounting board	Y_2	Z
0.75 to 1.1	$28.4^{0}_{-0.1}$	$12.9^{+0.1}_{0}$
1.1 to 1.7	$28.6^{0}_{-0.1}$	
1.7 to 2	$28.8^{0}_{-0.1}$	



Note

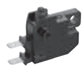
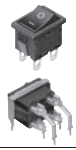
Verify the performance under actual product conditions before use.

Marking Variety

With IO marking	With ● marking
	

Power Switches

List of Varieties

Type	Push			Rocker	
Series	SDKN	SDKR	SDDH	SDDJE ※1 ※2	SDDJF ※1 ※2
Photo					
Rating	0.25A 250V AC 0.5A 125V AC 5mA 5V DC	0.5A 250V AC 1A 125V AC 10mA 5V DC	Rating (max.) :4.5A 12V DC (lamp load:27W×2) Rating (min.) :10mA 12V DC (Resistive load)	10A 250V AC 6A / 96A 250V～	16A 250V AC 16 (6) / 250～
Operating life	5,200cycles	100,000cycles	100,000 cycles	10,000cycles	
Operating life	0.25A 250V AC	0.5A 250V AC		10A 250V AC	16A 250V AC
Travel (mm)	9 9.7	1.5	3.7	3.4	5.2
Features	——	Water-proof type With signal circuit	Water-proof (IP68 rating)	——	——
Operating temperature range	-20℃ to +60℃	-10℃ to +85℃	-15℃ to+80℃	-10℃ to +55℃	
Automotive use	——	——	●	○	○
Life cycle (availability)	3	3	3	3	3
Electrical performance — Contact resistance	100mΩ max.	100mΩ max. (ACswitch) 500mΩ max. (DCswitch)	500mΩ max.	100mΩ max.	
Electrical performance — Insulation resistance	100MΩ min. 500V DC	500MΩ min. 500V DC (ACswitch) 100MΩ min. 100V DC (DCswitch)	10MΩ min. 500V DC	500MΩ min. 500V DC	
Electrical performance — Voltage proof	600V AC for 1minute	1000V AC for 1minute (ACswitch) 100V AC for 1minute (DCswitch)	500V AC for1minute	2,000V AC for 1minute	
Mechanical performance — Terminal strength	50N for 1minute	5N for 1minute	Slider pull-out strength: 100N MIN	50N for for 1minute (lead terminal) 5N for 1minute (right-angle terminal)	60N for 1minut (lead terminal) 10N for 1minute (right-angle terminal)
Mechanical performance — Actuator strength — Operating direction	20N	100N	——	25N	
Mechanical performance — Actuator strength — Perpendicular direction	30N	20N	——	25N	
Environmental performance — Cold	-30±2℃ for 192h	-20±2℃ for 240h	-15±2℃ for 96h	-20±2℃ for 96h	
Environmental performance — Dry heat	70±2℃ for 192h	85±2℃ for 240h	80±2℃ for 96h	85±2℃ for 96h	
Environmental performance — Damp heat	40±2℃, 90to95%RH for 192h	60±2℃, 90to95%RH for 1000h	40±2℃, 90to95%RH for 96h		
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Notes

1. ※1. Dip soldering can be used on SDDJE for PC board terminal and SDDJF right angle terminal types only.
2. ※2. The operating temperature range for automotive applications can be raised upon request. Please contact us for details.
3. ● indicates applicability to all products in the series, while ○ indicates applicability to some products in the series.

Power Switches Soldering Conditions

Reference for Hand Soldering

Series	Soldering temperature	Soldering time
SDDJE, SDDJF, SDKP, SDDJF1A , SDKZ, SDDE	350±10℃	3+1 / 0s
SDKT	350±10℃	3±0.5s
SDKR	300±10℃	3±0.5s

Reference for Dip Soldering

(For PC board terminal types and SDDJF right-angle terminal types)

Series	Dip soldering	
	Soldering temperature	Duration of immersion
SDKR, SDDJE, SDDJF, SDKP, SDKT, SDKZ, SDDE	260±5℃	10±1s

Power Switches Cautions

1. The primary power supply switching is subject to the safety regulations, and the provisions differ by each destination. Consult with us for non-standard use cases.
2. An unstable contact may occur if the switch current is lower than 0.5A. For this case, consult with us.
3. These power switches were produced for alternating current. For direct current, consult with us.
4. Appling load to terminals during soldering under certain conditions may cause deformation and electrical property degradation.
5. Avoid use of water-soluble soldering flux, since it may corrode the switches.
6. When soldering twice, wait until the first soldered portion cools to normal temperature. Continuous heating will deform the external portions, loosen or dislodge terminals, or may deteriorate their electrical characteristics.
7. Before soldering switches with locking mechanism, release the locks. If they are soldered without releasing the locks, the soldering heat may deform the locking mechanism.
8. Be sure to release the locks before removing the knobs. Otherwise, the locking mechanism may be broken.
9. Be sure to use the switch with forced travel positioned as close to the total travel as possible.
10. Tighten the mounting screws by applying the specified torque. Tightening with a larger torque than the specified will result in malfunction or breakage of screws.
11. Corrosive gas if generated by peripheral parts of a set, malfunction such as imperfect contact may occur. Thorough investigation shall be required beforehand.
12. Storage
    ①Store the products as delivered, at a normal temperature and humidity, without direct sunshine and corrosive gas ambient. Use them at an earliest possible timing, not later than six months upon receipt.
    ②After breaking the seal, keep the products in a plastic bag to shut out ambient air, store them in the same environment as above, and use them up as soon as possible.
    ③Do not stack too many switches.

Power Switches Safety Standards

1. Safety Standards Outline

Safety standards are established by a country or an organization representing it to protect general users from electrical shock and fire hazards. It establishes standards for electrical devices and components. For electrical equipment manufacturers, utilizing switches that have been safety-approved ensures the safety of the switch. The use of a safety-approved switch also simplifies at least one part of the process of obtaining certification by safety testing.

2. Major Safety Standards

(1) Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law

The conventional [Electrical Appliance and Material Control Law] has changed to [Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law] and has been enforced since April 1, 2001. Electrical appliances are categorized into special electric appliances and parts (formerly Class A) and Electrical appliances other than the special electric appliances (formerly Class B) . Special electric appliances are required to receive goodness of fit test at a certified test agency and to store the certificate. Also, penal provisions have been reinforced.

(2) UL (Underwriters Laboratories Inc.)

Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) is the American safety approving organization. Its purpose is to ensure consumer safety and protect them from fire hazards. State law requires that equipment to be exported to the United States utilize UL approved power switches or power switches meeting UL standards and capable of passing UL tests.